

Exercises for Algorithmic Game Theory: Assignment 13

Deadline: January 28, 2013

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Problem 1. Prove that no truthful digital goods auction with 2 bidders is the best. In other words, show that for any truthful auction \mathcal{A} , there is another auction \mathcal{A}' and input \vec{v} such that the profit of \mathcal{A}' on \vec{v} is higher than that of \mathcal{A} .

Problem 2. Prove that the “Profit-Extractor” auction PROFIT-EXTRACT_R is truthful for any given parameter R . Show that it returns a revenue of R if and only if $R \leq \mathcal{F}(\vec{b})$. Here $\mathcal{F}(\vec{b})$ denotes the maximum revenue obtainable from bid-vector \vec{b} with a uniform price.

Problem 3. We have n unit-demand bidders and an item available in unlimited supply. Recall that if the bidders valuations are drawn from i.i.d. distributions, then we can infer the uniform price benchmark $\mathcal{F}(\vec{b})$ from the optimal Bayesian auction.

Now, suppose that the bidders’ valuations are drawn from non-identical (but mutually independent) distributions. What will be the analogous prior-free benchmark? Can there be any prior-free auction that is constant competitive against this new benchmark?