# Parallel Visual Computing 2012/13

## Assignment 5

December, 6 2012

#### 1. **Histograms** (10 points, 3 extra)

- a. Use GL\_POINTS to generate a luminance histogram with a configurable bin size. It will require the use of blending. Can you use integer texture formats here? OpenGL frame buffers make visualization easier (8 points)
- b. Discuss the precision issues! (2 points)
- c. Draw the luminance histogram as a 2D plot (x axis bins; y axis density) without reading it back to the GPU. (3 extra points)

### 2. **HistoPyramids** (20 points)

- a. Create a fragment program to find the local maxima in the input image stars.ppm.
  Make pixels that are maxima 1 and others 0. There should be exactly 13 maxima i.e., white pixels (5 points)
- b. Create a Histopyramid of the maxima image. (5 points) This requires multiple passes. It is helpful, to have the result of the maxima finding-pass already in level 0 of the Histopyramid. Use FBOs. Use MIP mapping. Read from level *i* when writing level *i*+1. Remember, that levels of increasing index have a lower resolution. Use a one-channel format. Can you use an integer textures here?
- c. Read back the "last pixel" to the CPU (.. and nothing else). It should say "13", the number of maxima.
- d. Create a compact texture that holds the position (x in red, y in green) of every maximum. (5 points)
- e. Draw a feature marker (e.g. a red circle) around every maximum by drawing a point for each feature and using a geometry shader to extend it to a circle. (5 points)

#### 3. Voroin diagrams (7 points)

- a. Generate a discrete Voronoi diagram in a fixed resolution out of *k* random points. Draw points and use a geometry shader to extend them to an area. Combine with depth buffering. (5 points)
- b. Which methods exist, to extend a point into an area? Which one is fastest? Measure! (2 points)