

Universität des Saarlandes FR Informatik



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Tutorials for "Automated Reasoning" Exercise sheet 9

Exercise 9.1: (4 P) Transform the formula

 $\neg \forall w \exists x \neg \forall y \left(P(w, x, y) \leftrightarrow \forall z P(z, y, x) \right)$

into clausal normal form. Pick and use suitable algorithm from the lecture.

Exercise 9.2: (4 P) Let $\varphi = \exists z \forall x [(P(x, z) \land \forall y (P(x, y) \rightarrow P(y, z))) \rightarrow P(z, x)]$ be first-order formula. Skolemize φ using the procedure from section 3.6 ("Getting Small Skolem Functions").

Exercise 9.3: (2 P) Compute the mgu(E), where $E = \{f(g(x, x)) \doteq y; h(y) \doteq h(v); v \doteq f(g(z, w))\}.$

Exercise 9.4: (4 P) Refute the following set of clauses using the superposition for general clauses. $S = \{P(a) \lor P(b), \neg P(x) \lor \neg P(f(x)) \lor Q(f(a)), \neg P(x) \lor P(f(x)), Q(a), \neg Q(f(x)) \lor \neg Q(x), Q(f(x)) \lor \neg P(x)\}.$

Exercise 9.5: (6 Bonus Points)

Let T be a first-order theory (with equality). Prove that if T has models of arbitrarily big finite cardinality then T has also a model of infinite cardinality. Property "has models of arbitrarily big finite cardinality" is: For every natural number n there is another natural number n' > n such that T has a model of cardinality n'.

Submit your solution in lecture hall 001 during the lecture **on June 18**. Please write your name and the date of your tutorial group on your solution.

Note: Joint solutions are not permitted (work in groups is encouraged).