## Depth from HDR:

## Depth Induction Increased Realism?

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## **Depth from HDR**

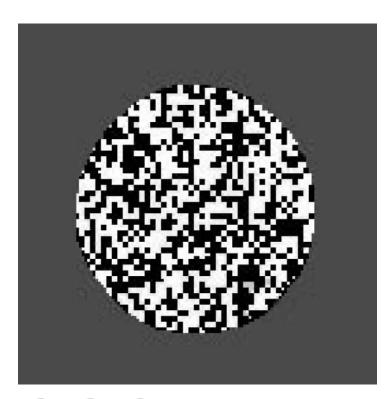
"like looking through a window"



Additional depth cue in stereo HDR display?

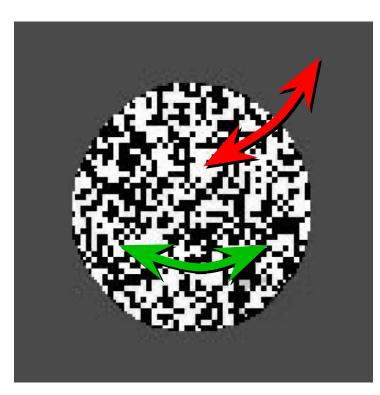
## **Depth from HDR**

• [Ichihara et al., Perception 2007]



# Contrast Depth from HDR

[Ichihara et al., Perception 2007]

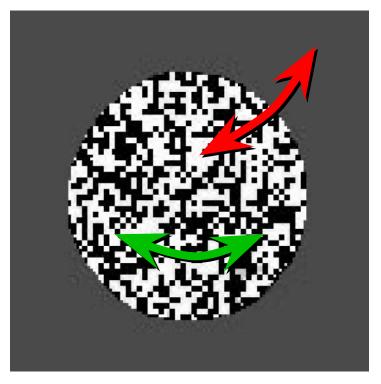


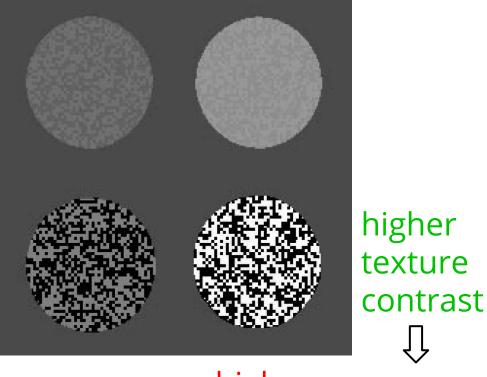
area contrast object vs. background

texture contrast within object

# Contrast Depth from HDR

[Ichihara et al., Perception 2007]



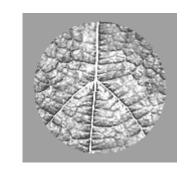




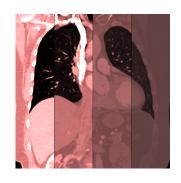
higher → appears area contrast closer

## **Depth from HDR**

 [Rempel et al., APGV poster 2011] confirmed for HDR contrast levels hypothesis for depth from HDR



 [Easa et al., TAP 2013] confirmed effective depth cues for medical visualizations



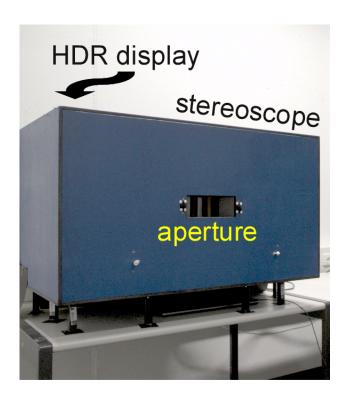
#### **Motivation**

- How much depth is conveyed by contrasts?
  - Compared to binocular depth cues

- Verify explanations of depth from HDR
  - Contrasts?
  - Fidelity of contrast reproduction?

### **HDR Stereoscope**

See previous presentation :-)

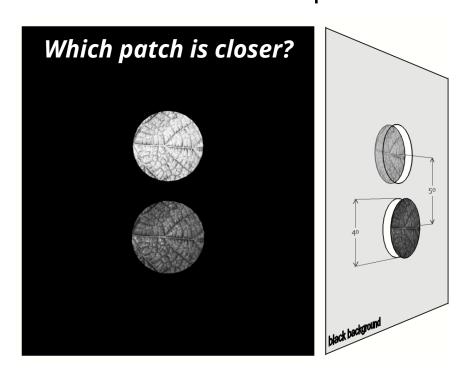


- HDR display
- Custom stereoscope

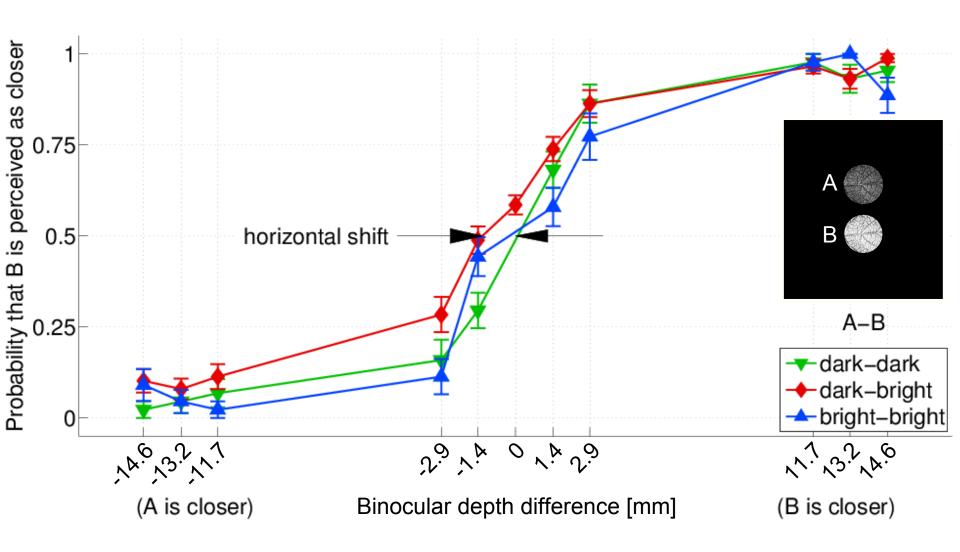
Photopic conditions
 no ND filters

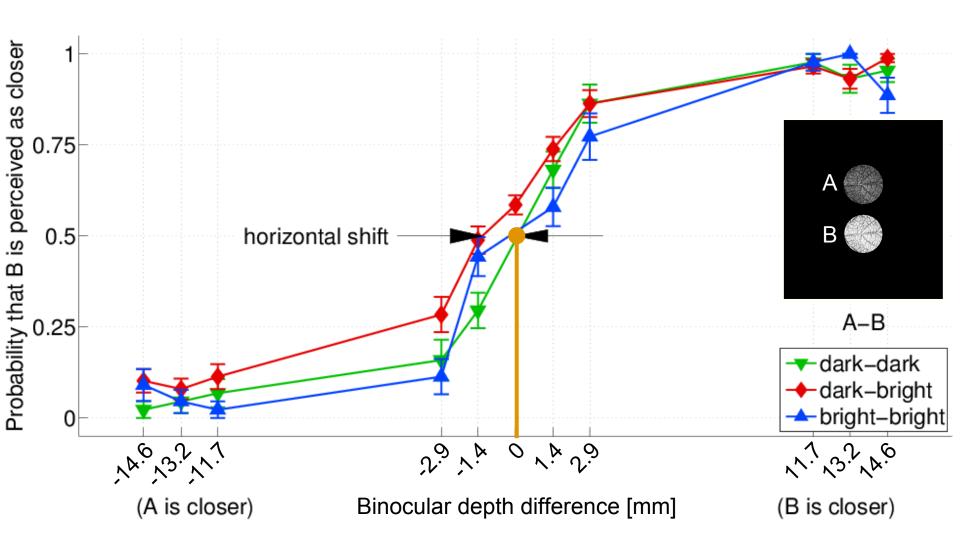
- Quantitatively measure depth-from-HDR
  - simultaneous comparison to binocular depth cues
    - vergence
    - disparity

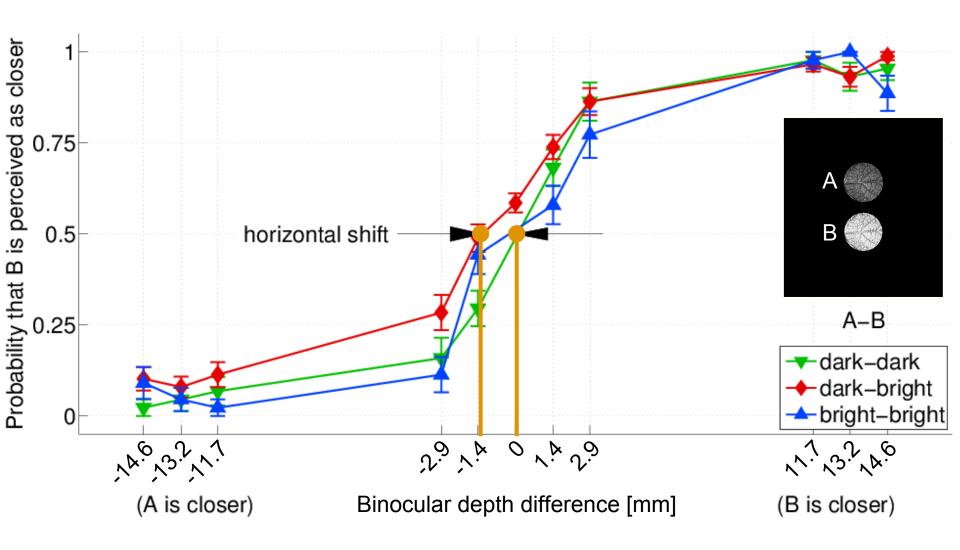
- depth range15 mm
- luminance
   50 or 1000 cd/m²





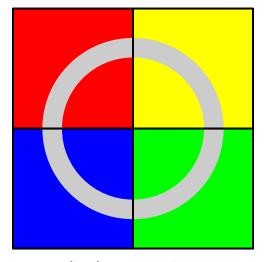




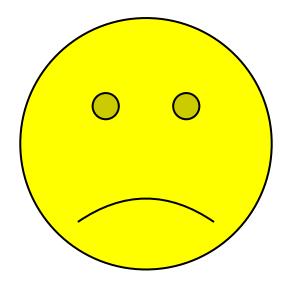


#### Conclusion

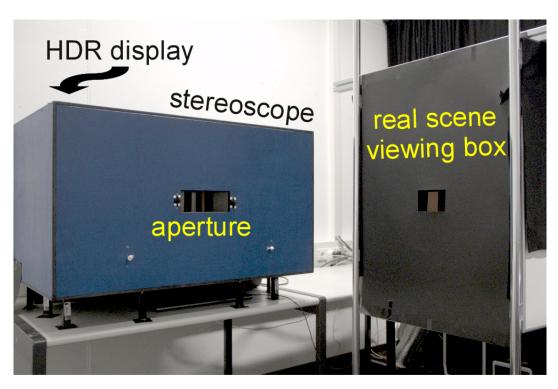
- Confirmed that depth-from-HDR exists
- Depth induction is very weak compared to near-threshold binocular depth cues
- Similar to other illusions like color induction



- Practical implications
  - Depth induction effect overpowered by supra-threshold binocular depth cues
  - Not effective for depth enhancement in stereo 3D

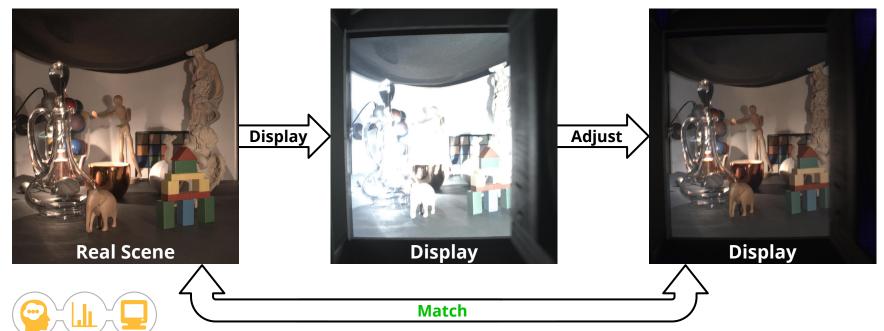


Display an HDR stereo image of a real scene

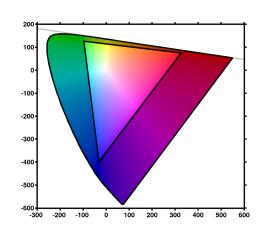


- Orthostereono toe-in
- Field of view
- 1:1 matching view geometry

- Image-specific color calibration
  - 1. Point a camera at real scene and displayed image
  - 2. Adjust the displayed image until the camera can't tell the difference to the real scene



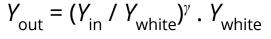
- Image-specific color calibration
  - 1. Point a camera at real scene and displayed image
  - 2. Adjust the displayed image until the camera can't tell the difference to the real scene
- Evaluation
  - Gamut: sRGB ≪ real world
  - Specific image reproduced better than with generic color calibration
    - well enough to fool some people

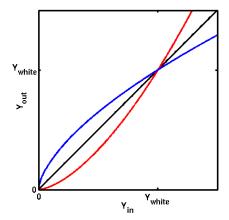




- Toggle between two images of the real scene
  - camera interaxial distance
    - 0.00 cm no stereo
    - 3.25 cm reduced stereo
    - 6.50 cm correct stereo (avg. interocular)
    - 9.75 cm exaggerated stereo
  - $_{\circ}$  contrast level  $\gamma$ 
    - reduced contrast 0.63
    - 0.79
    - 1.00 correct contrast
    - 1.26

1.59 exaggerated contrast
ACM Symposium on Applied Perception 2014





- Toggle between two images of the real scene
  - camera interaxial distance
  - $_{\circ}$  contrast level  $\gamma$
- Which image looks more realistic?



or



No reference

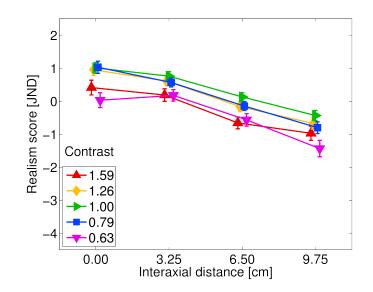


- Observer clusters
  - Most realistic stereo
    - reduced (6)
    - moderate (6)
    - exaggerated (8)
    - indifferent (8)
  - Most realistic contrast
    - reduced (3)
    - moderate (14)
    - exaggerated (11)
    - indifferent (0)



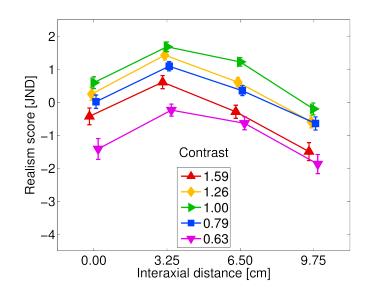
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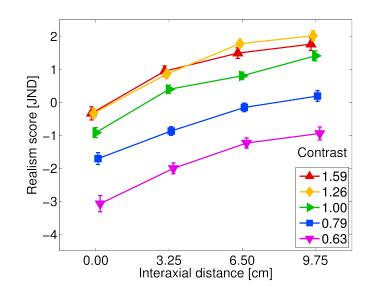


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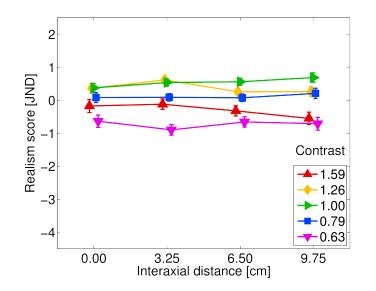


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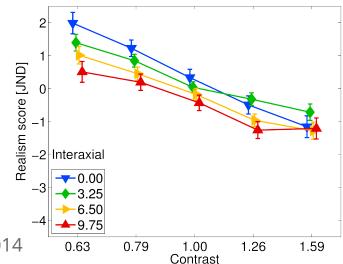


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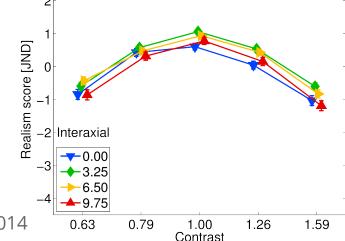


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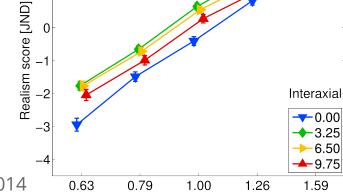


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Contrast



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- Conclusion
  - Very different choices
  - Personalization for optimal perceived realism
  - Calibration for optimal physical realism
  - 90% choose correct or exaggerated contrast
  - HDR contrast increases perceived realism, may help depth from HDR

## **Direct Comparison to Real Scene**

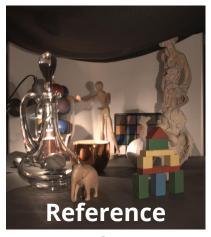
- Toggle between two images of the real scene
  - camera interaxial distance
  - $_{\circ}$  contrast level  $\gamma$
- Which image looks more realistic?



or



given



With reference (realistic 

close to reference)



## **Direct Comparison to Real Scene**

Very similar results

Some observers moved between clusters

towards lower contrast

towards moderate stereo

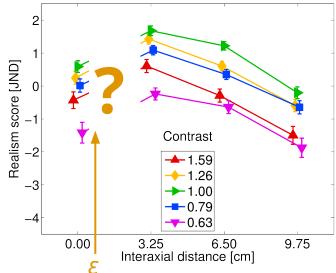
#### **Conclusions**

- Depth from HDR: confirmed
- Depth Induction: very weak

- Increased Realism: possibly
  - "like looking through a window at the real world"

#### **Future Work**

- Realism of microdisparity
  - interaxial distance ε



- Test realism hypothesis with HDR stereo displays that better approximate reality
  - "retina" resolution
  - wide-gamut
  - head motion parallax
  - accommodation









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