

This assignment is **due on July 1/2** in your tutorial session. You are allowed (even encouraged) to discuss these problems with your fellow classmates. All submitted work, however, must be *written individually* without consulting someone else's solutions or any other source like the web.

Problem 1 **(4 points)**

Let k be a positive integer and let $P := \text{conv.hull}(\{(0, 0), (0, 1), (k, \frac{1}{2})\})$. Show that the Chvátal rank of P is at least k . *Hint: Show that $(k - 1, \frac{1}{2}) \in P'$.*

Problem 2 **(1+3+4 points)**

Consider the following assignment problem with a budget constraint: There is a set of n jobs to be assigned to a set of n workers, one job to one worker. Let c_{ij} be the profit gained when assigning worker i to job j , and let t_{ij} be the cost of training worker i to do job j . We are given a total training budget of b units. We want to find a feasible assignment of maximum profit subject to the budget constraint, that is,

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n c_{ij} x_{ij}$$

$$\text{s.t. } \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 \quad i = 1, \dots, n \tag{1}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 \quad j = 1, \dots, n \tag{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n t_{ij} x_{ij} \leq b \tag{3}$$

$$x_{ij} \in \mathbb{Z} \quad i, j = 1, \dots, n \tag{4}$$

- (a) What can you say about the complexity status of this problem?
- (b) Formulate the three following Lagrangean relaxations in which
 1. (3) is dualized
 2. (1) and (2) are dualized
 3. (2) and (3) are dualized.
- (c) Discuss for each of the relaxations: the ease of solution of the Lagrangian subproblems (interpretation, complexity), the ease of solution of the Lagrangian dual, and the strength of the resulting Lagrangian dual bound.

Problem 3 **(4+2 points)**

Consider the *knapsack problem*: Given is a weight bound K and a set of n items, each with a nonnegative weight w_j and *nonnegative* profit c_j , $j = 1, \dots, n$. Determine a subset of items $S \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}$ of maximum total profit, $\sum_{j \in S} c_j$, such that $\sum_{j \in S} w_j \leq K$.

Consider an integer programming formulation (ILP) where each item has associated a binary decision variable (see previous homework).

- (a) Show that the following combinatorial algorithm gives an optimal solution to the LP-relaxation of (ILP); e.g, using complementary slackness conditions.

Algorithm: Order and reindex items such that

$$\frac{c_1}{w_1} \geq \frac{c_2}{w_2} \geq \dots \geq \frac{c_n}{w_n}.$$

Let $k := \min\{j \in \{1, \dots, n\} \mid \sum_{\ell=1}^j w_\ell > K\}$, and define

$$\begin{aligned} x_j &= 1, & j &= 1, \dots, k-1 \\ x_k &= \frac{K - \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} w_j}{w_k} \\ x_j &= 0, & j &= k+1, \dots, n. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Given the LP-solution from (a), consider the integral solution $S = \{1, 2, \dots, k-1\}$. This corresponds to the algorithm that chooses S to be the maximal set of items that fits into the knapsack when adding items one after the other in non-increasing order of their ratios c_j/w_j . Does this algorithm give a good approximation? How large can the ratio between this solution and an optimal integral solution be in the worst case?