# Problem Set 5 <br> Topological Methods in Geometry 

Problem 1 (No Retraction Theorem).
Prove that the following theorem is equivalent to the Brouwer's fixed point theorem: There is no continuous function $f: B^{n} \mapsto \partial B^{n}$ such that for each $x \in \partial B^{n}, f(x)=x$.

## Problem 2.

In the lecture, we proved the following version of the Borsuk Ulam theorem: For any continuous function $f: I^{n} \mapsto \mathbb{R}^{n}$, where $I=[-1,1]$, which is antipodal on $\partial I^{n}$, there exists some $x \in I^{n}$ s.t. $f(x)=0$. Prove that if we replace $I^{n}$ by $B^{n}$, the statement remains true.

Problem 3 (Radon' theorem in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ ).
Let $\sigma^{n}$ denote an $n$-dimensional simplex. Let $f: \sigma^{3} \mapsto \mathbb{R}^{2}$ be an affine map. Show that there are two points in $\sigma^{3}$ with disjoint supports that are mapped to the same point by $f$.

## Problem 4.

Give an example of a pseudomanifold whose boundary is not a pseudomanifold. Let $M^{n}$ be an $n$-dimensional pseudomanifold whose boundary is a pseudomanifold. Prove that $\partial \partial M^{n}=\emptyset$.

